

TipCalculator

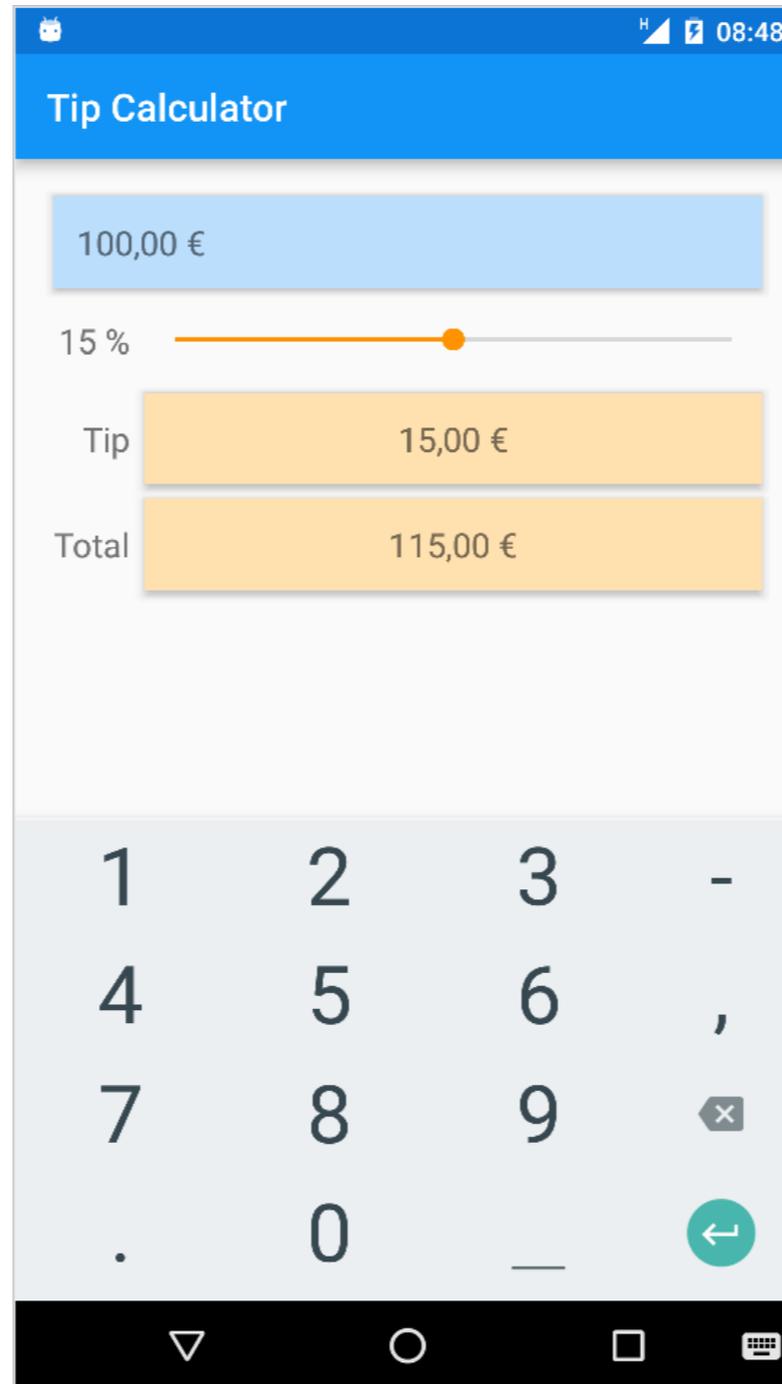
Berechne das Trinkgeld



Error-Prevention Tip 2.1

*If the path to the folder in which you wish to save a project contains spaces, the **Create New Project dialog** displays the message “Your project location contains whitespace. This can cause problems on some platforms and is not recommended.” To resolve this, click the ellipsis (...) button to the right of the **Create New Project dialog’s Project location field** and select a location that does not contain spaces; otherwise, your project might not compile or execute correctly.*

Fertige Applikation





New Project

Android Studio

Configure your new project

Application name:

Company Domain:

Package name: [Edit](#)

Project location: ...



Target Android Devices

Select the form factors your app will run on

Different platforms may require separate SDKs

Phone and Tablet

Minimum SDK

Lower API levels target more devices, but have fewer features available.

By targeting API 23 and later, your app will run on < 1% of the devices that are active on the Google Play Store.

[Help me choose](#)

Wear

Minimum SDK

TV

Minimum SDK

Android Auto

Glass

Minimum SDK

Cancel

Previous

Next

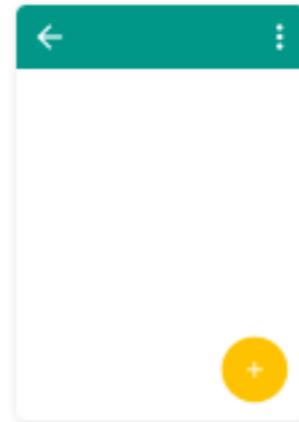
Finish



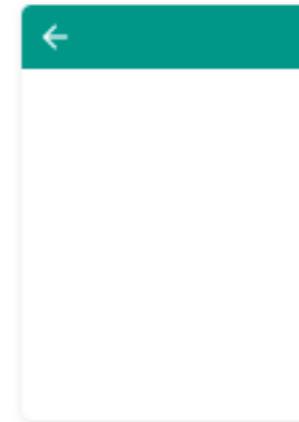
Add an Activity to Mobile



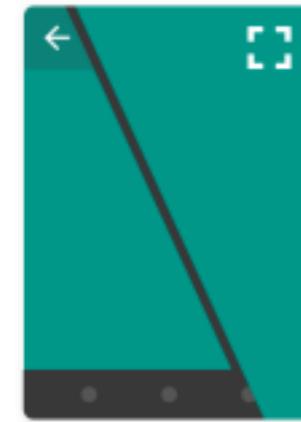
Add No Activity



Basic Activity



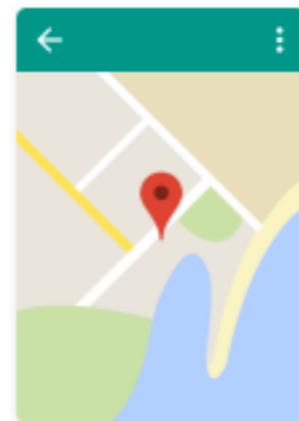
Empty Activity



Fullscreen Activity



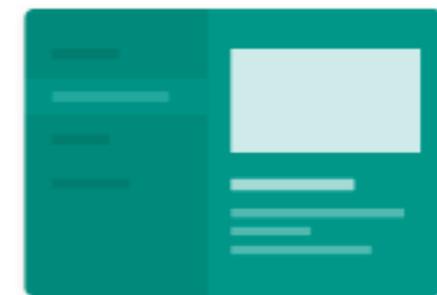
Google AdMob Ads Activity



Google Maps Activity



Login Activity



Master/Detail Flow

Cancel

Previous

Next

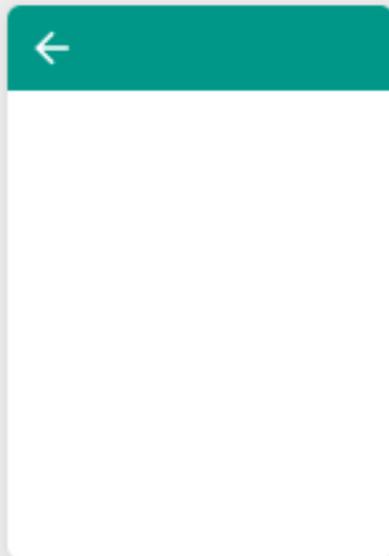
Finish



Customize the Activity



Creates a new empty activity



Empty Activity

Activity Name:

Generate Layout File

Layout Name:

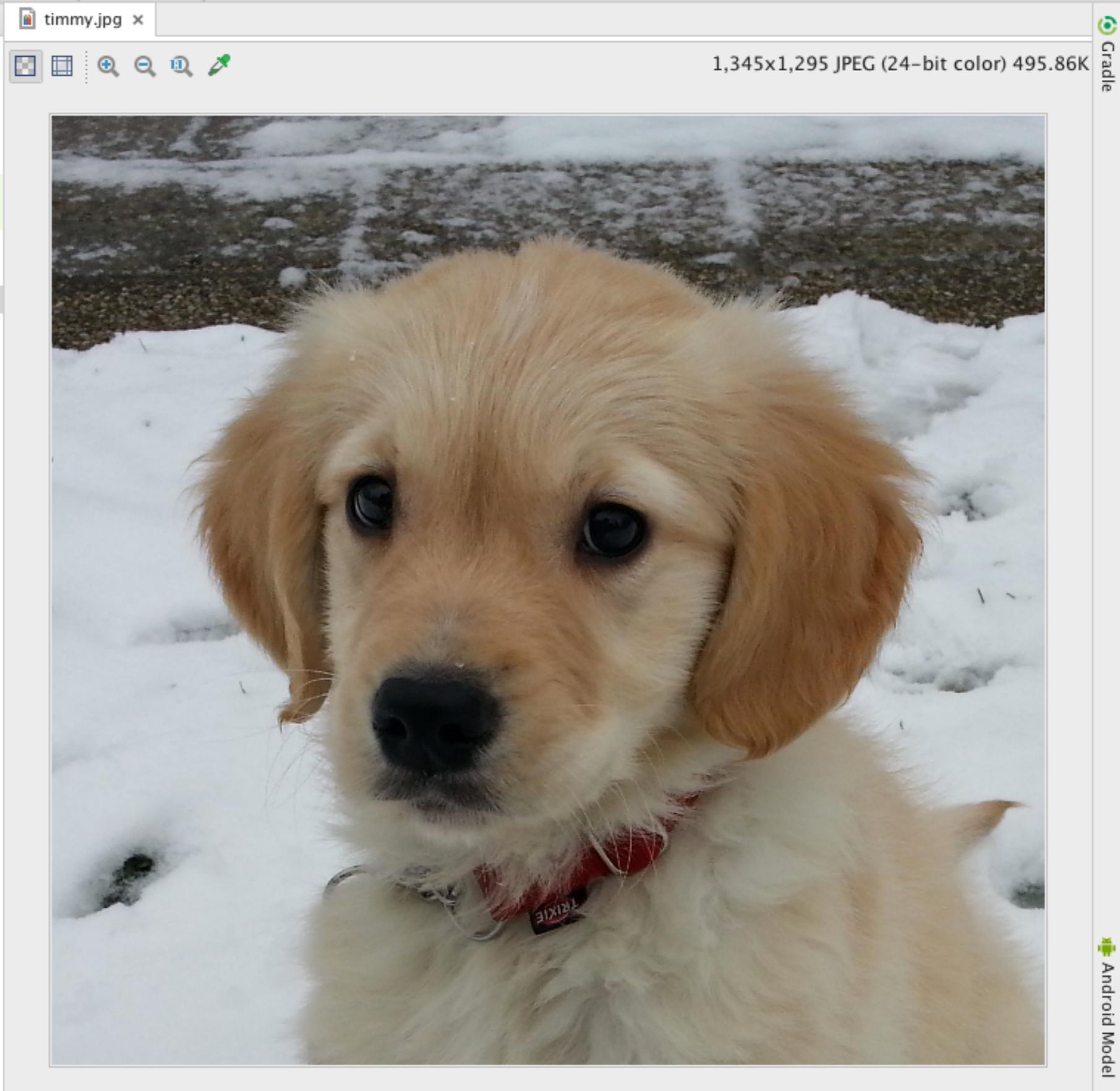
If true, a layout file will be generated

App Icon erstellen

- Bilddatei nach res/drawable kopieren
- Rechte Maustaste auf res
- New > Image Asset
- Nun kann mit dem **Asset Studio** eine mipmap erstellt werden
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mipmap>

Project Structure

- Android
 - app
 - manifests
 - java
 - at.htl.tipcalculator
 - MainActivity
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (androidTest)
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (test)
 - res
 - drawable
 - timmy.jpg
 - layout
 - mipmap
 - values
 - Gradle Scripts

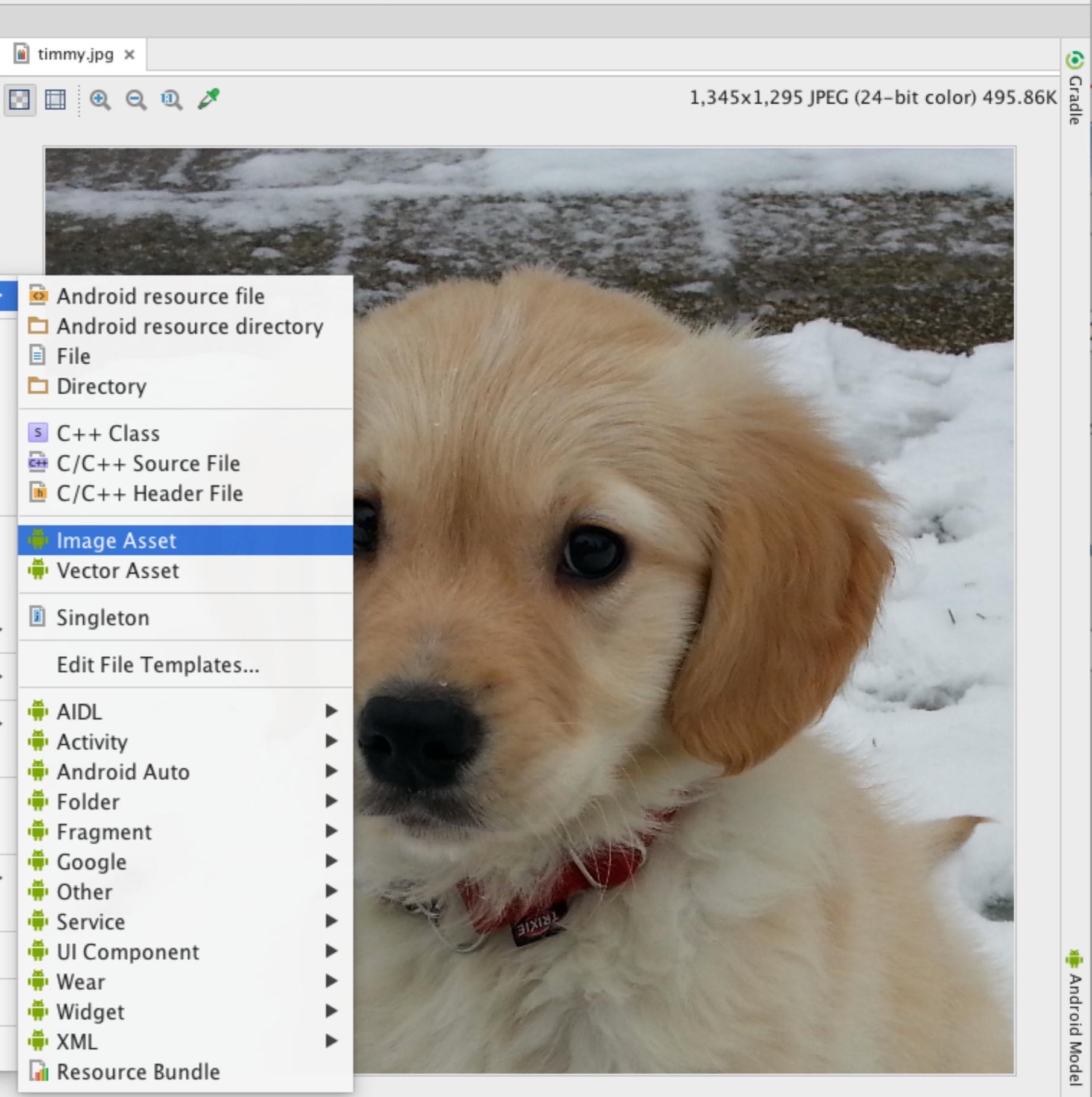


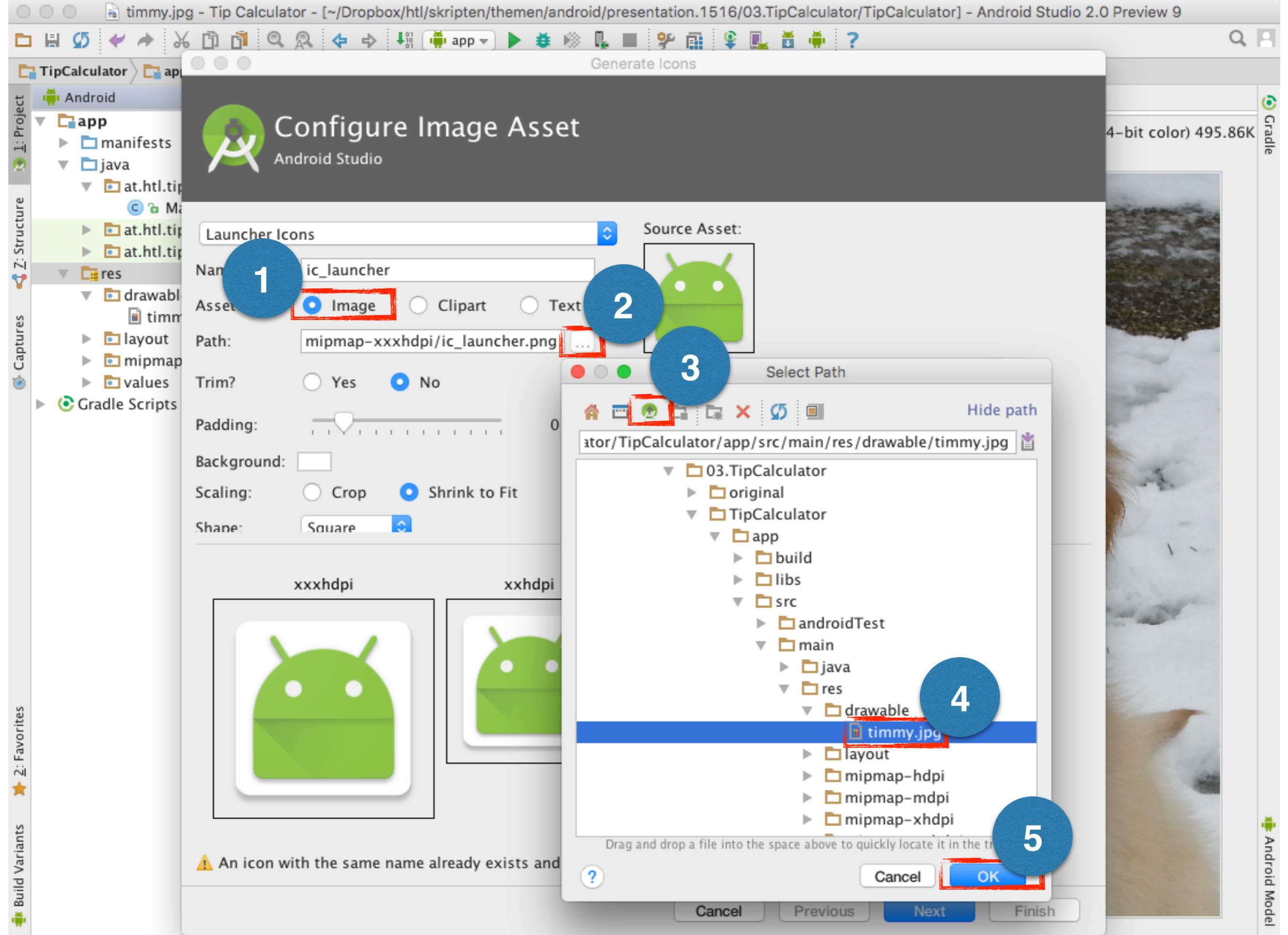
Project Structure:

- Android
 - app
 - manifests
 - java
 - at.htl.tipcalculator
 - MainActivity
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (androidTest)
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (test)
 - res

Context Menu:

- New
 - Android resource file
 - Android resource directory
 - File
 - Directory
 - C++ Class
 - C/C++ Source File
 - C/C++ Header File
 - Image Asset**
 - Vector Asset
 - Singleton
 - Edit File Templates...
 - AIDL
 - Activity
 - Android Auto
 - Folder
 - Fragment
 - Google
 - Other
 - Service
 - UI Component
 - Wear
 - Widget
 - XML
 - Resource Bundle
- Cut ⌘X
- Copy ⌘C
- Copy Path ⇧⌘C
- Copy as Plain Text
- Copy Reference ⇧⇧⌘C
- Paste ⌘V
- Find Usages ⇧⌘F7
- Find in Path... ⇧⇧⌘F
- Replace in Path... ⇧⇧⌘R
- Analyze
- Refactor
- Add to Favorites
- Show Image Thumbnails ⇧⇧⌘T
- Reformat Code ⇧⌘L
- Optimize Imports ^⇧⌘O
- Local History
- Synchronize 'res'
- Reveal in Finder
- Compare With... ⌘D
- Create Gist...





Project Structure:

- Android
 - app
 - manifests
 - java
 - at.htl.tip
 - at.htl.tip
 - res
 - drawable
 - timmy.jpg
 - layout
 - mipmap
 - values
 - Gradle Scripts

Configure Image Asset

Android Studio

Launcher Icons

Name: **1**

Asset: Image Clipart Text **2**

Source Asset:  **3**

Path:

Trim? Yes No

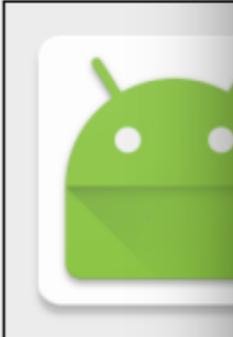
Padding:

Background:

Scaling: Crop Shrink to Fit

Shane:

xxxhdpi 

xxhdpi 

⚠ An icon with the same name already exists and

Select Path

ator/TipCalculator/app/src/main/res/drawable/timmy.jpg

- 03.TipCalculator
 - original
 - TipCalculator
 - app
 - build
 - libs
 - src
 - androidTest
 - main
 - java
 - res
 - drawable **4**
 - timmy.jpg
 - layout
 - mipmap-hdpi
 - mipmap-mdpi
 - mipmap-xhdpi

Drag and drop a file into the space above to quickly locate it in the tr

5

Configure Image Asset

Android Studio

Launcher Icons

Name:

Asset Type: Image Clipart Text

Path:

Trim? Yes No

Padding: -10%

Background:

Scaling: Crop Shrink to Fit

Shape:

Effect: None DogEar

Source Asset:



xxxhdpi



xxhdpi



xhdpi



hdpi



mdpi



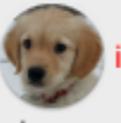
 An icon with the same name already exists and will be overwritten.

Confirm Icon Path

Android Studio

Res Directory:

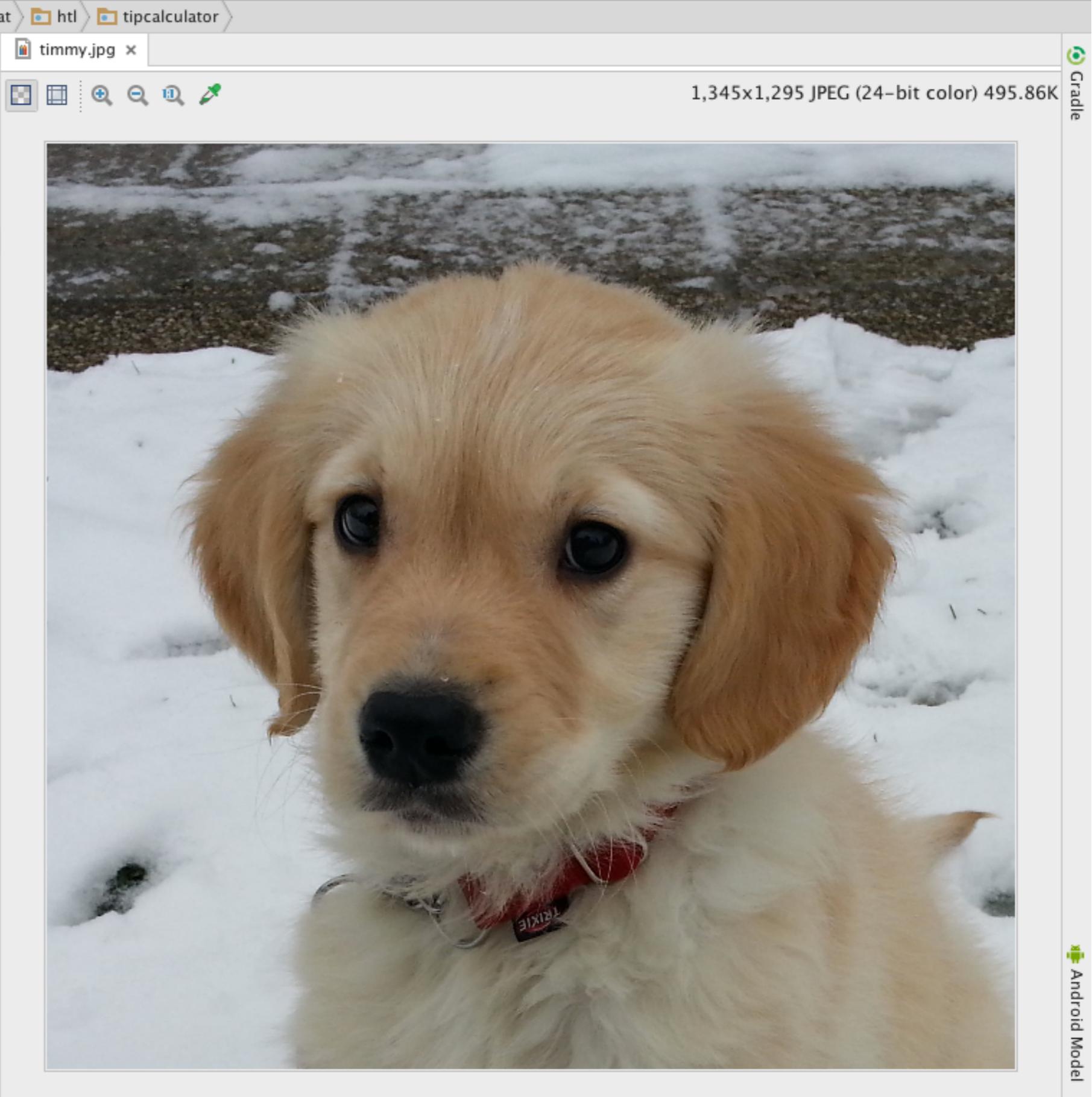
Output Directories:

- main
 - res
 - mipmap-hdpi
 -  ic_launcher.png
 - mipmap-mdpi
 -  ic_launcher.png
 - mipmap-xhdpi
 -  ic_launcher.png
 - mipmap-xxhdpi
 -  ic_launcher.png
 - mipmap-xxxhdpi
 -  ic_launcher.png
 - 

 Some existing files will be overwritten by this operation. Files which replace existing files are marked red in the preview above.

Project Structure:

- Android
 - app
 - manifests
 - java
 - at.htl.tipcalculator
 - MainActivity
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (androidTest)
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (test)
 - res
 - drawable
 - timmy.jpg
 - layout
 - mipmap
 - ic_launcher.png (5)
 - ic_launcher.png (hdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (mdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxxhdpi)
 - values
 - Gradle Scripts



Layout erstellen

- Wir verwenden ein GridLayout. Das bestehende RelativeLayout muss ersetzt werden
- Sehr einfach geht das, indem im Editor das RelativeLayout doppelgeklickt und durch ein GridLayout ersetzt wird
- Anschließend werden die fehlenden Properties im Design Mode eingetragen

Project Structure:

- app
 - manifests
 - java
 - at.htl.tipcalculator
 - MainActivity
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (androidTest)
 - at.htl.tipcalculator (test)
 - res
 - drawable
 - timmy.jpg
 - layout
 - activity_main.xml
 - mipmap
 - ic_launcher.png (5)
 - ic_launcher.png (hdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (mdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxxhdpi)
 - values
 - Gradle Scripts

```
RelativeLayout
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:paddingBottom="16dp"
    android:paddingLeft="16dp"
    android:paddingRight="16dp"
    android:paddingTop="16dp"
    tools:context="at.htl.tipcalculator.MainActivity">

    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Hello World!" />
</RelativeLayout>
```

```
activity_main.xml x
GridLayout
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<GridLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:paddingBottom="16dp"
    android:paddingLeft="16dp"
    android:paddingRight="16dp"
    android:paddingTop="16dp"
    tools:context="at.htl.tipcalculator.MainActivity">

    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Hello World!" />
</GridLayout>
```

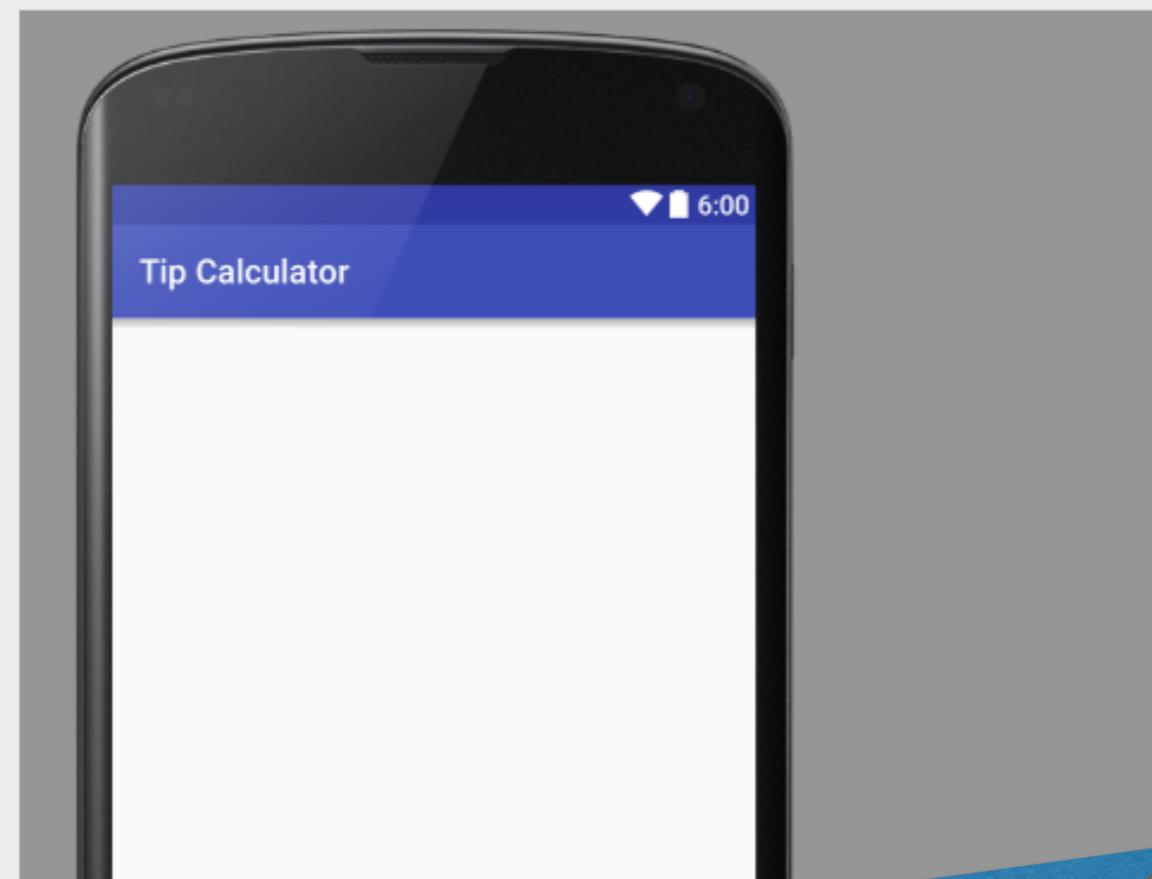
Design **Text**

Project Structure

- Layouts
 - FrameLayout
 - LinearLayout (Horizontal)
 - LinearLayout (Vertical)
 - TableLayout
 - TableRow
 - GridLayout
 - RelativeLayout
- Widgets
 - Plain TextView
 - Large Text
 - Medium Text
 - Small Text
 - Button
 - Small Button
 - RadioButton
 - CheckBox
 - Switch
 - ToggleButton
 - ImageButton
 - ImageView
 - ProgressBar (Large)
 - ProgressBar (Normal)
 - ProgressBar (Small)
 - ProgressBar (Horizontal)
 - SeekBar
 - RatingBar
 - Spinner
 - WebView
- Text Fields
 - Plain Text
 - Person Name
 - Password
 - Password (Numeric)

Build Variants: Design (highlighted), Text

Nexus 4 | AppTheme | MainActivity | Android 23



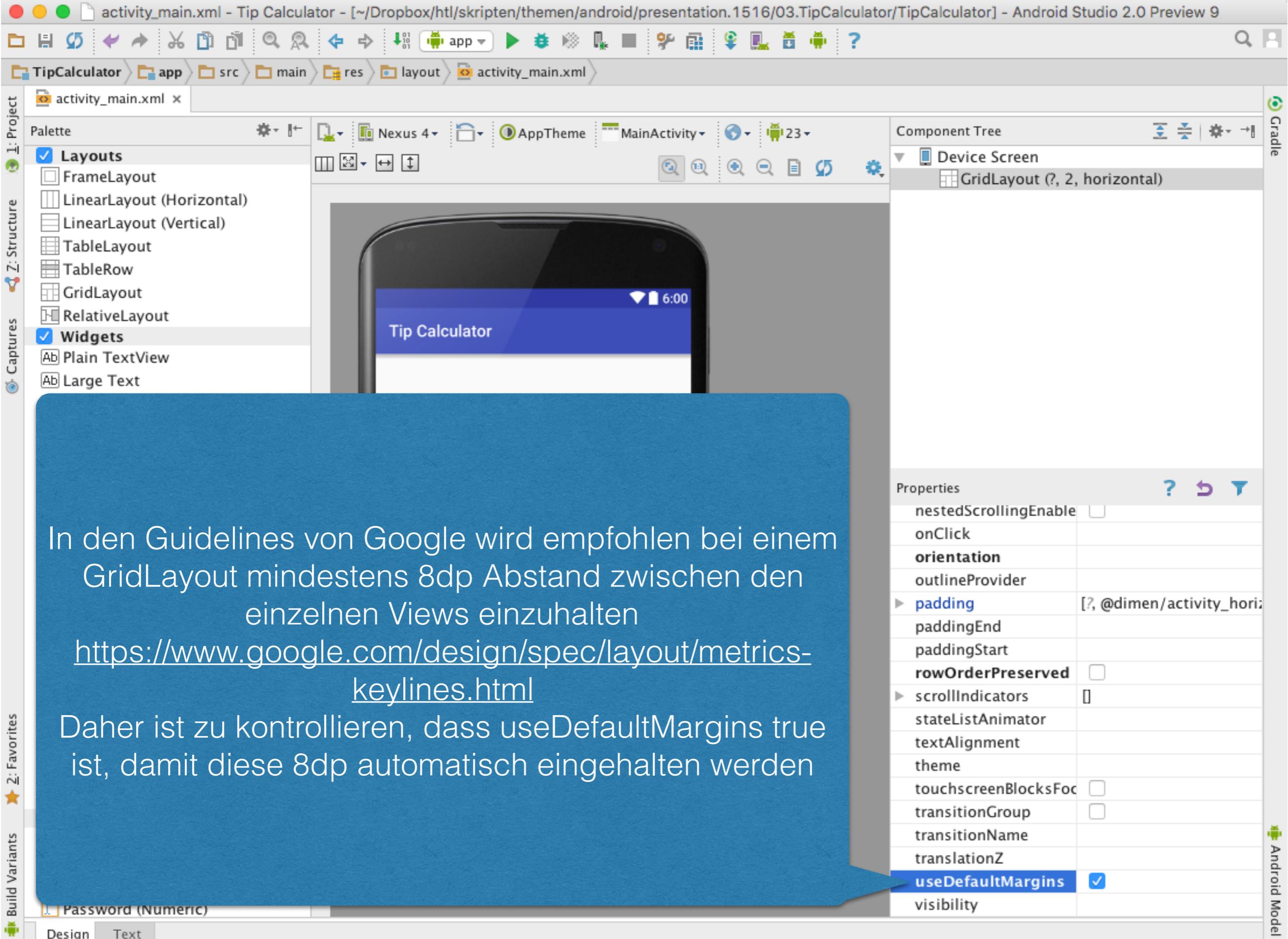
Component Tree

- Device Screen
 - GridLayout (? , 2, horizontal)

Properties

layout:width	match_parent
layout:height	match_parent
style	
columnCount	2
rowCount	
accessibilityLiveRegion	
accessibilityTraversal	
accessibilityTraversal	
alignmentMode	
alpha	
background	
backgroundTint	
backgroundTintMode	
clickable	<input type="checkbox"/>
columnOrderPreserv	<input type="checkbox"/>
contentDescription	
contextClickable	<input type="checkbox"/>
elevation	

Die Anzahl der Zeilen (rowCount) muss nicht gesetzt werden, sondern erhöht sich automatisch beim Einsetzen der Views



In den Guidelines von Google wird empfohlen bei einem GridLayout mindestens 8dp Abstand zwischen den einzelnen Views einzuhalten
<https://www.google.com/design/spec/layout/metrics-keylines.html>

Daher ist zu kontrollieren, dass useDefaultMargins true ist, damit diese 8dp automatisch eingehalten werden

Einfügen der Views (GUI - Elemente)

Component Tree

- Device Screen
 - GridLayout (?, 2, horizontal)

Properties

minWidth	
nestedScrollingEnable	<input type="checkbox"/>
onClick	
orientation	
outlineProvider	
padding	[?, @dimen/activity_hori:
paddingEnd	
paddingStart	
rowOrderPreserved	<input type="checkbox"/>
scrollIndicators	<input type="checkbox"/>
stateListAnimator	
textAlignment	
theme	
touchscreenBlocksFoc	<input type="checkbox"/>
transitionGroup	<input type="checkbox"/>
transitionName	
translationZ	
useDefaultMargins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

layout:column	0
layout:columnSpan	2
id	amountEditText

Palette

- Layouts
 - FrameLayout
 - LinearLayout (Horizontal)
 - LinearLayout (Vertical)
 - TableLayout
 - TableRow
 - GridLayout
 - RelativeLayout
- Widgets
 - Plain TextView
 - Large Text
 - Medium Text**
 - Small Text
 - Button
 - Small Button
 - RadioButton
 - CheckBox
 - Switch
 - ToggleButton
 - ImageButton
 - ImageView
 - ProgressBar (Large)
 - ProgressBar (Normal)
 - ProgressBar (Small)
 - ProgressBar (Horizontal)
 - SeekBar
 - RatingBar
 - Spinner
 - WebView
- Text Fields
 - Plain Text
 - Person Name
 - Password
 - Password (Numeric)

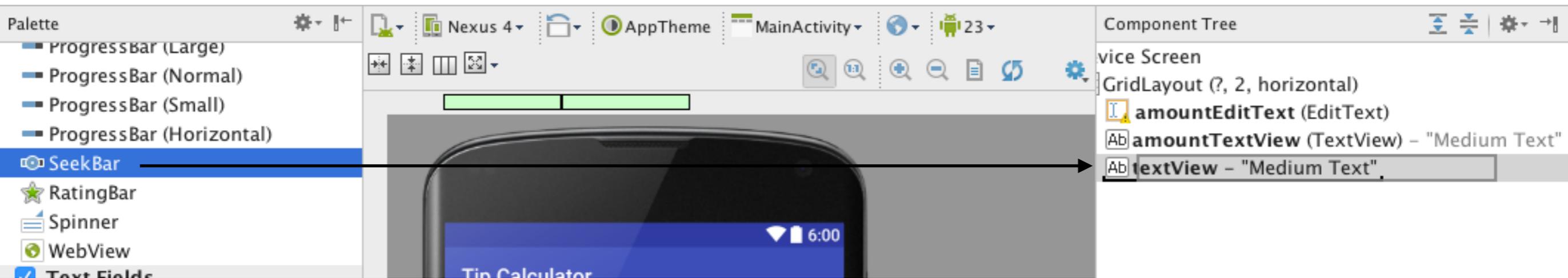
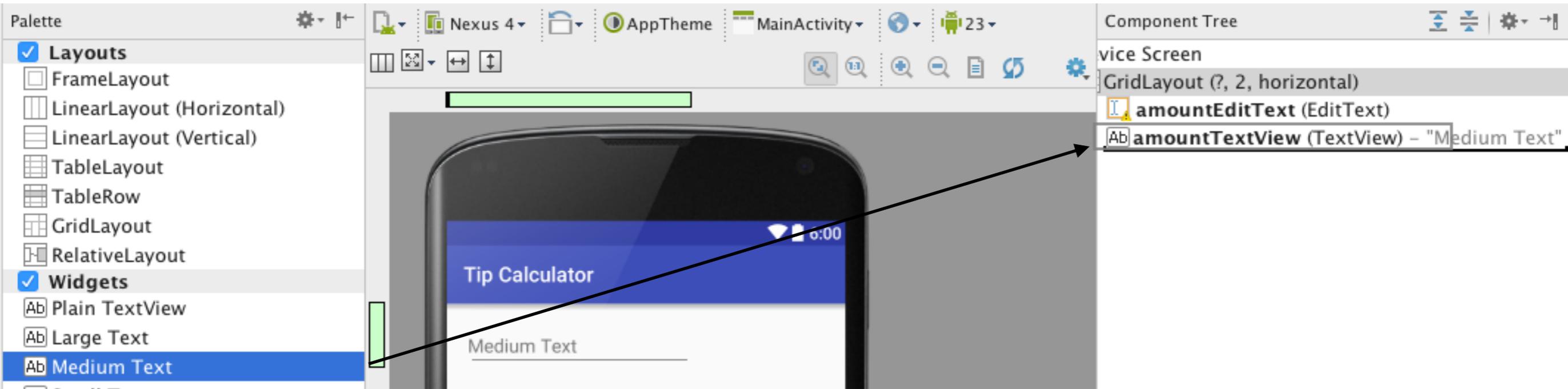


Component Tree

- Device Screen
 - GridLayout (? , 2, horizontal)
 - amountEditText (EditText)**

Properties

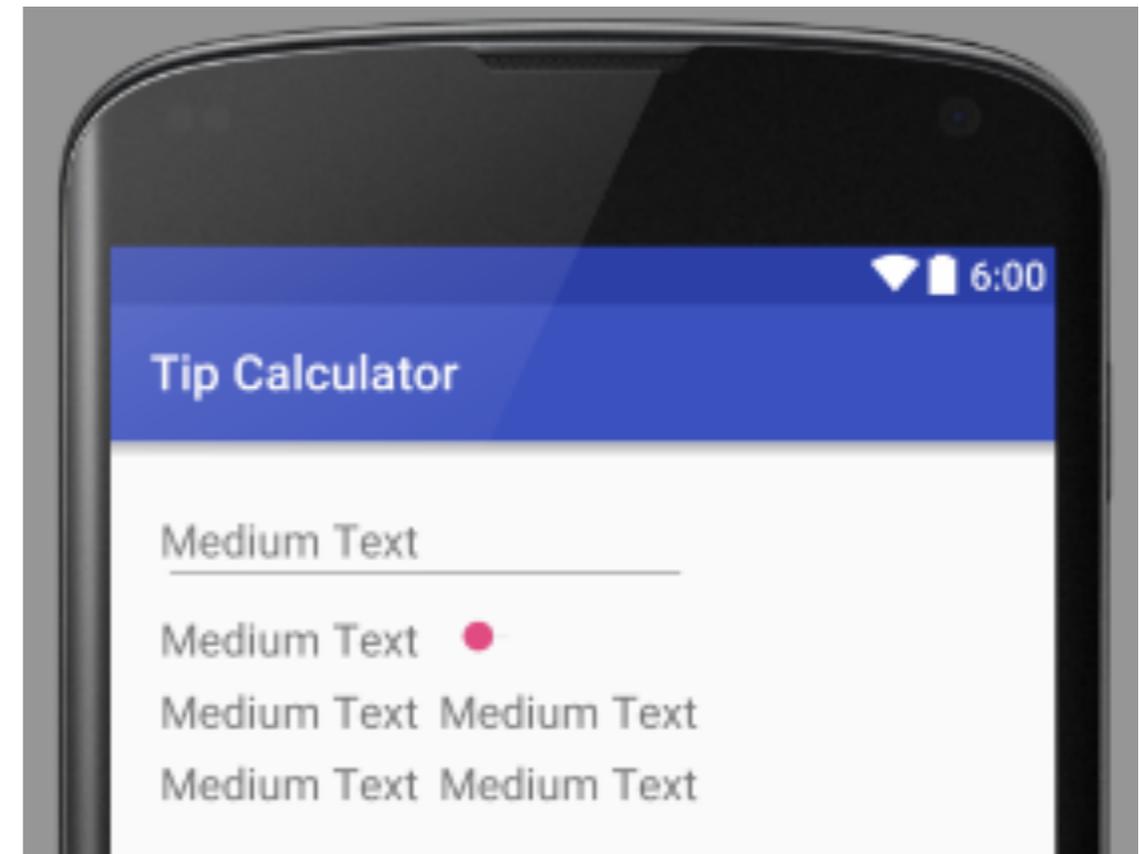
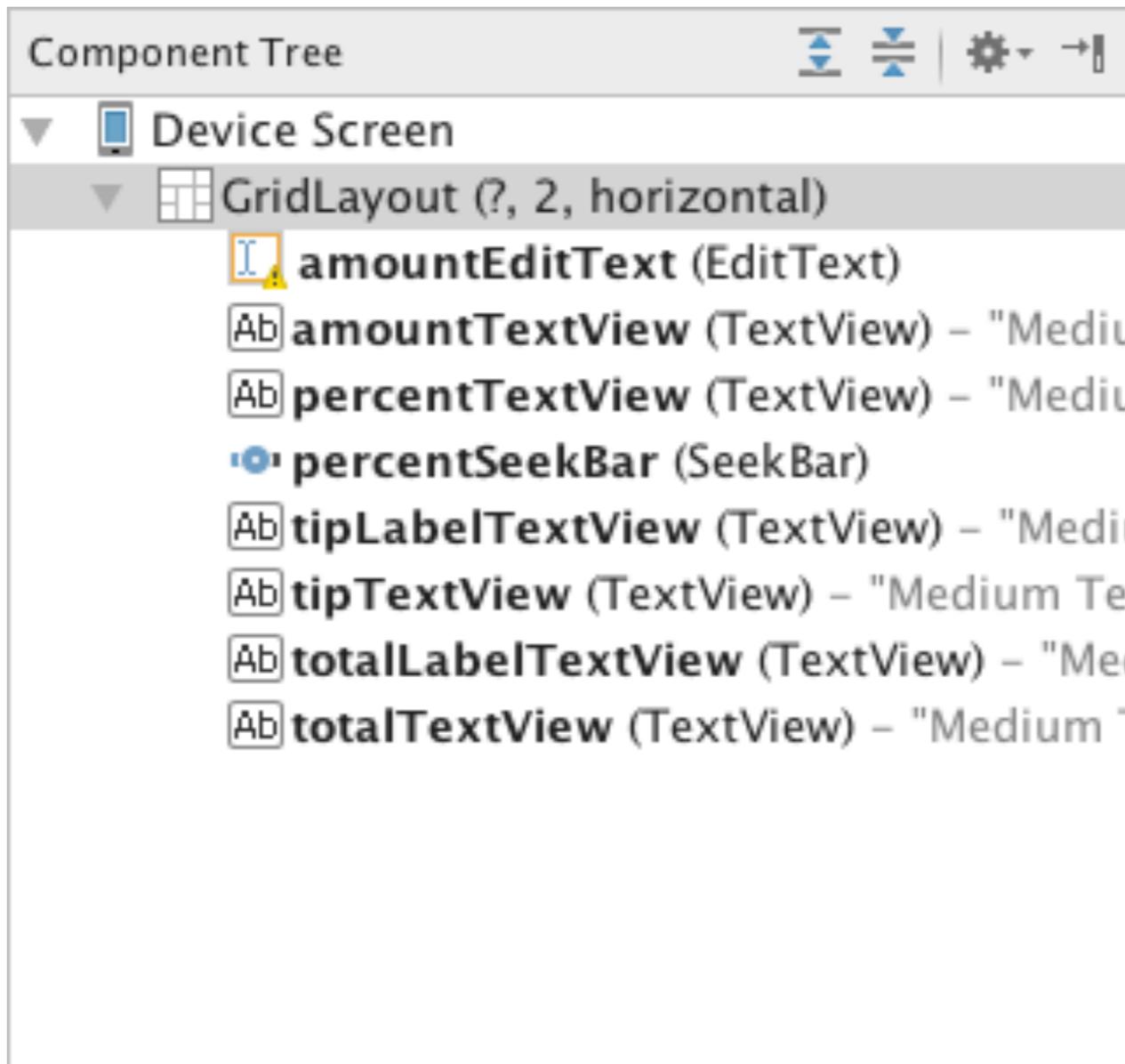
layout:width	wrap_content
layout:height	wrap_content
layout:gravity	⏏
layout:margin	⏏
layout:column	0
layout:columnSpan	2
layout:columnWeigh	
layout:row	
layout:rowSpan	
layout:rowWeight	
style	
accessibilityLiveRegio	
accessibilityTraversal	
accessibilityTraversall	
allowUndo	<input type="checkbox"/>
alpha	
autoLink	⏏
autoText	<input type="checkbox"/>



id percentTextView

id percentSeekBar

Component Tree



Erstellen von Textressourcen



TipCalculator > app > src > main > res > layout > activity_main.xml

Resources

String

- Project
 - abc_action_bar_home_description
 - abc_action_bar_title_description
 - abc_action_bar_subtitle_description
 - abc_action_bar_up_description
 - abc_action_menu_overflow_description
 - abc_action_mode_done
 - abc_activity_chooser_view_description
 - abc_activitychooserview_description
 - abc_capital_off
 - abc_capital_on
 - abc_search_hint
 - abc_searchview_description_hint
 - abc_searchview_description_voice
 - abc_shareactionprovider_share_with
 - abc_shareactionprovider_share_with_app_package

New String Value Resource

Resource name: enter_amount

Resource value: Enter Amount

Source set: main

File name: strings.xml

Create the resource in directories:

- values
- values-w820dp

Cancel OK

Component Tree

- Device Screen
 - GridLayout (? , 2, horizontal)
 - amountEditText (EditText)
 - amountTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)
 - percentTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)
 - percentSeekBar (SeekBar)
 - tipLabelTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)
 - tipTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)
 - totalLabelTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)
 - totalTextView (TextView) - "Medium Te" (highlighted with red box)

Properties

enabled	<input type="checkbox"/>
focusable	<input type="checkbox"/>
focusableInTouchMod	<input type="checkbox"/>
fontFamily	
fontFeatureSettings	
foreground	
foregroundGravity	[]
foregroundTint	
foregroundTintMode	
gravity	[]
height	
hint	<input type="text"/> ... (highlighted with red box)
hyphenationFrequency	
id	amountTextView
importantForAccessib	
inputMethod	
inputType	[]
labelFor	

5

1

2

6

3

4

New Resource

New string Value...

Text Properties ergänzen

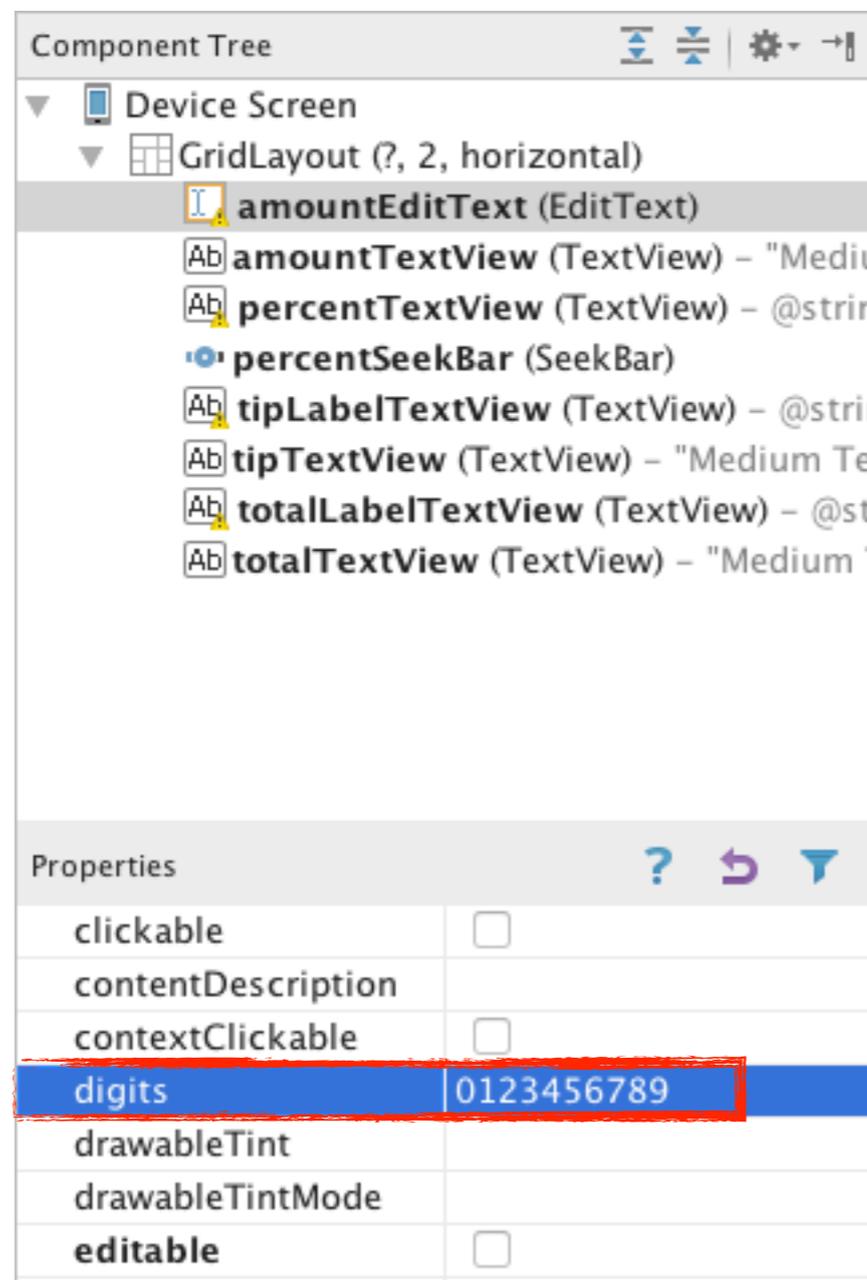
View	Resource name	Resource Value
<code>percentTextView</code>	<code>tip_percentage</code>	15%
<code>tipLabelTextView</code>	<code>tip</code>	Tip
<code>totalLabelTextView</code>	<code>total</code>	Total

Ausrichten der Labels

The screenshot shows the Android Studio interface for a 'Tip Calculator' app. The central design canvas displays a mobile app preview with a blue header and white content area. The 'Component Tree' on the right lists the UI hierarchy, with 'percentTextView (TextView)' highlighted in blue and circled with a red box and a blue circle containing the number '1'. The 'Properties' panel below it shows the 'layout:gravity' property set to 'right', which is also highlighted with a red box and a blue circle containing the number '2'. The 'Widget Palette' on the left shows various UI components, with 'Text Fields' selected. The bottom status bar indicates 'Gradle build finished in 10s 115ms (today 09:29)'.

Konfigurieren des Number-Feldes

- In der App wird amountEditText hinter amountTextView versteckt sein
- Weiters dürfen nur Ziffern durch den Benutzer eingegeben werden



Der Betrag
kann nun maximal
9999,99 sein

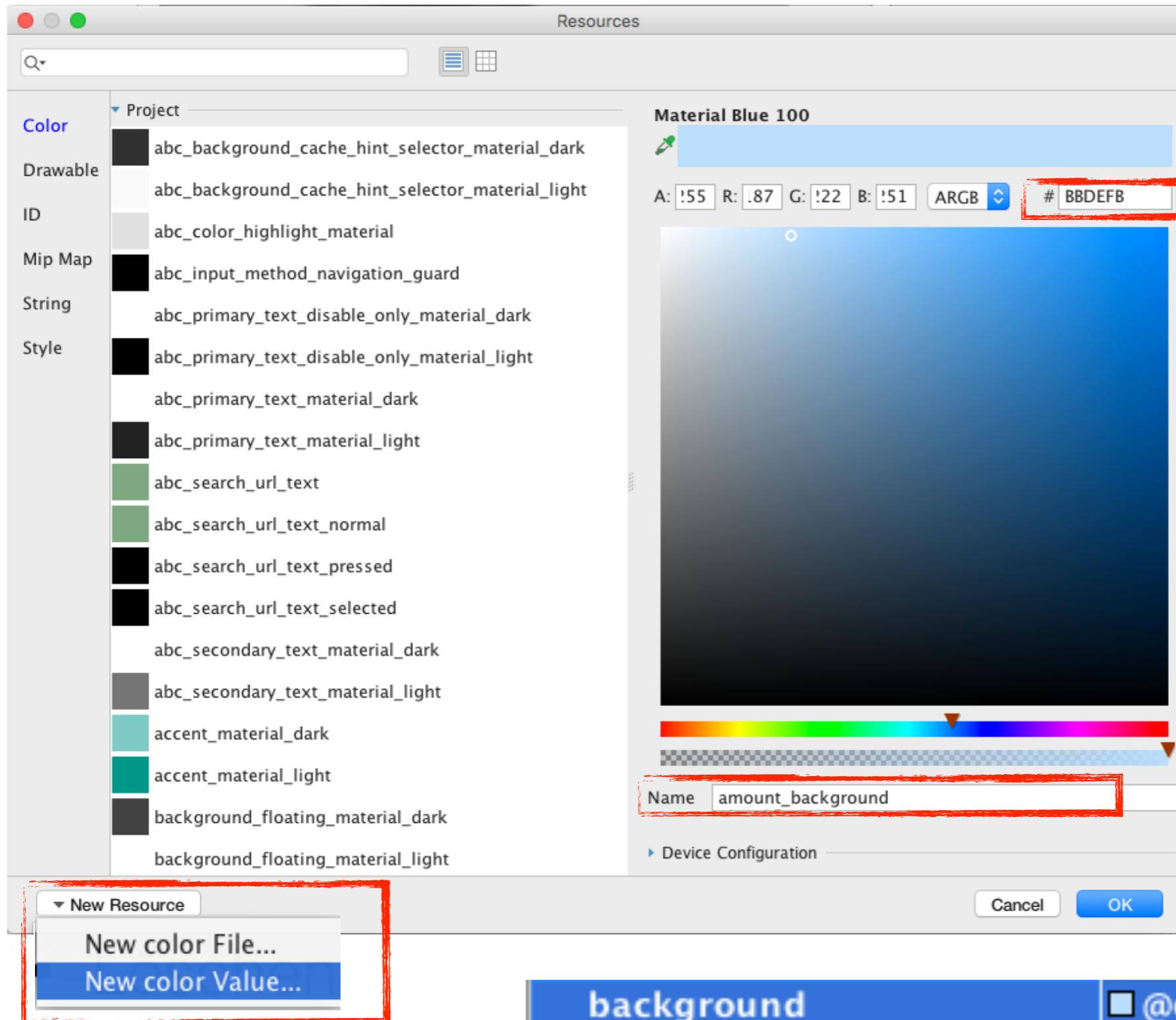
Konfigurieren von amountTextView

amountTextView

- Löschen des Inhalts der Text-Property. Der Textinhalt wird später durch das Programm eingetragen

- | ▼ layout:gravity | [fill_horizontal] |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| top | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| bottom | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| left | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| right | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| center | |
| fill | horizontal |

amountTextView - background



Erstellen einer neuen Farbressource

amount_background
#BBDEFB

amountTextView - padding

New Dimension Value Resource

Resource name: textview_padding

Resource value: 12dp

Source set: main

File name: dimens.xml

Create the resource in directories:

- values
- values-w820dp

Cancel OK

amountTextView (TextView)

Erstellen einer neuen Dimensionsressource

textview_padding
12dp

properties	
minLines	
minWidth	
nestedScrollingEnabled	
numeric	
onClick	
outlineProvider	
padding	[]
all	[] ...
left	
top	
right	
bottom	
paddingEnd	
paddingStart	
password	<input type="checkbox"/>
phoneNumber	<input type="checkbox"/>
scrollIndicators	[]
shadowColor	

New Resource
New dimen Value...

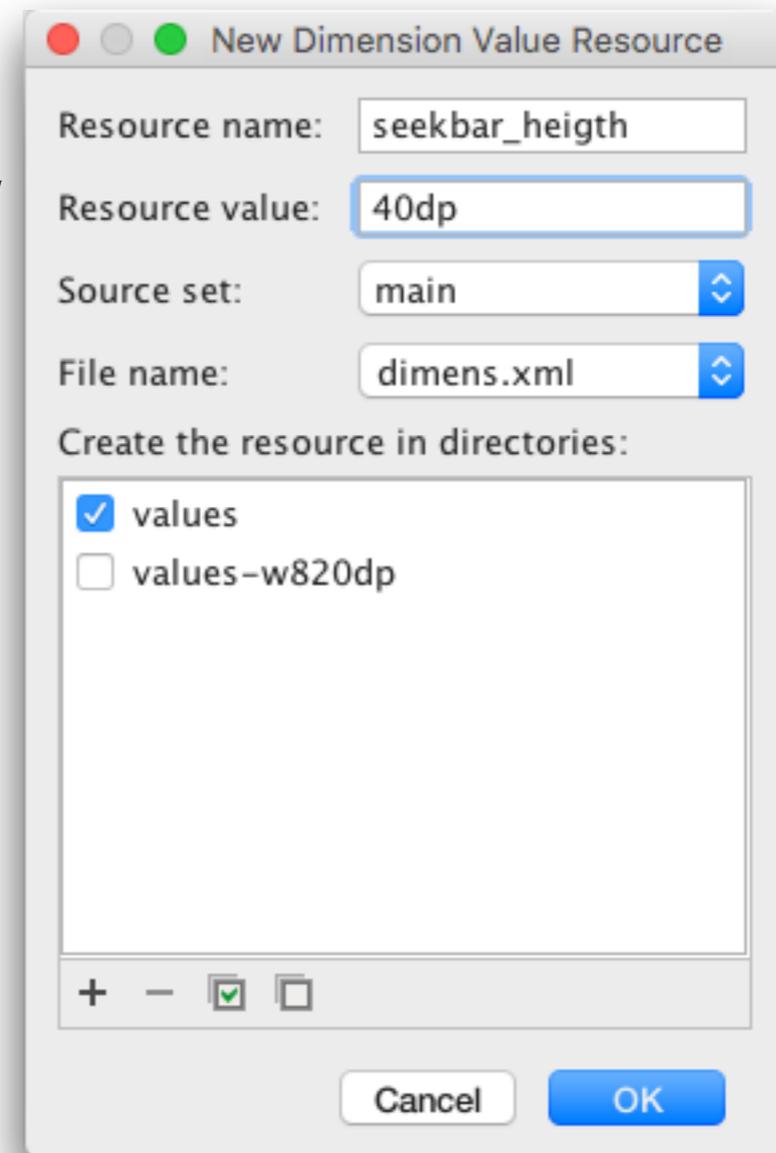
Cancel OK

percentTextView

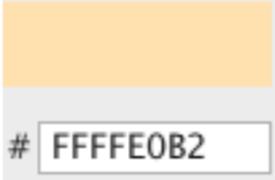
▼ layout:gravity	[right, center_vertical]
top	<input type="checkbox"/>
bottom	<input type="checkbox"/>
left	<input type="checkbox"/>
right	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
center	vertical
fill	

percentSeekBar

id	percentSeekBar
max	30
progress	15
▼ layout:gravity	[fill_horizontal]
top	<input type="checkbox"/>
bottom	<input type="checkbox"/>
left	<input type="checkbox"/>
right	<input type="checkbox"/>
center	
fill	horizontal
layout:height	@dimen/seekbar_height

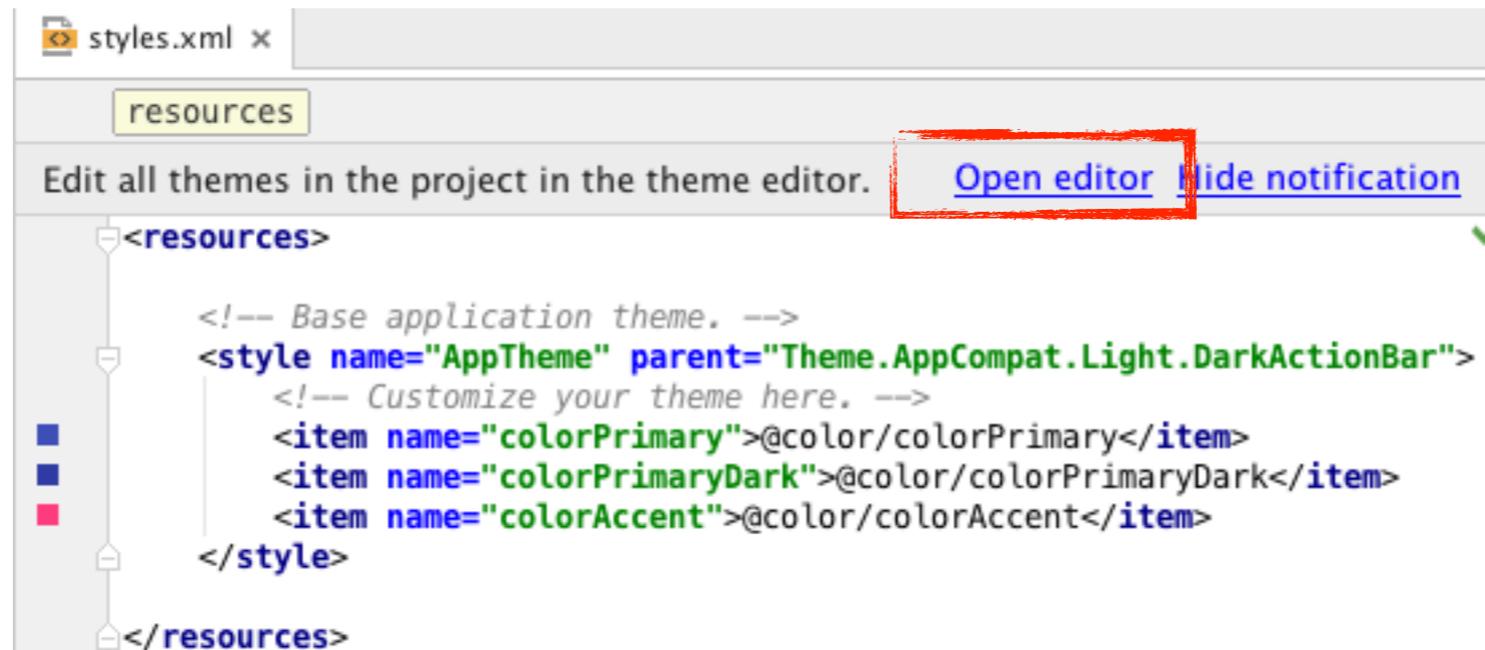


tipTextView, totalTextView

- Löschen der Text-Properties
- layout:gravity —> fill —> horizontal
- background —> new color resource: result_background / #FFFE0B2 A color swatch showing a light orange color. Below the swatch is a small box containing the hex code #FFFE0B2.
- gravity —> center
- padding - all —> dimension resource: textview_padding
- elevation —> dimension resource: elevation

Themes

parent Themes



The screenshot shows an IDE window titled 'styles.xml x'. Below the title bar is a 'resources' tab. A notification bar at the top of the editor area says 'Edit all themes in the project in the theme editor.' with two buttons: 'Open editor' (highlighted with a red box) and 'Hide notification'. The main editor area contains the following XML code:

```
<resources>
  <!-- Base application theme. -->
  <style name="AppTheme" parent="Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar">
    <!-- Customize your theme here. -->
    <item name="colorPrimary">@color/colorPrimary</item>
    <item name="colorPrimaryDark">@color/colorPrimaryDark</item>
    <item name="colorAccent">@color/colorAccent</item>
  </style>
</resources>
```

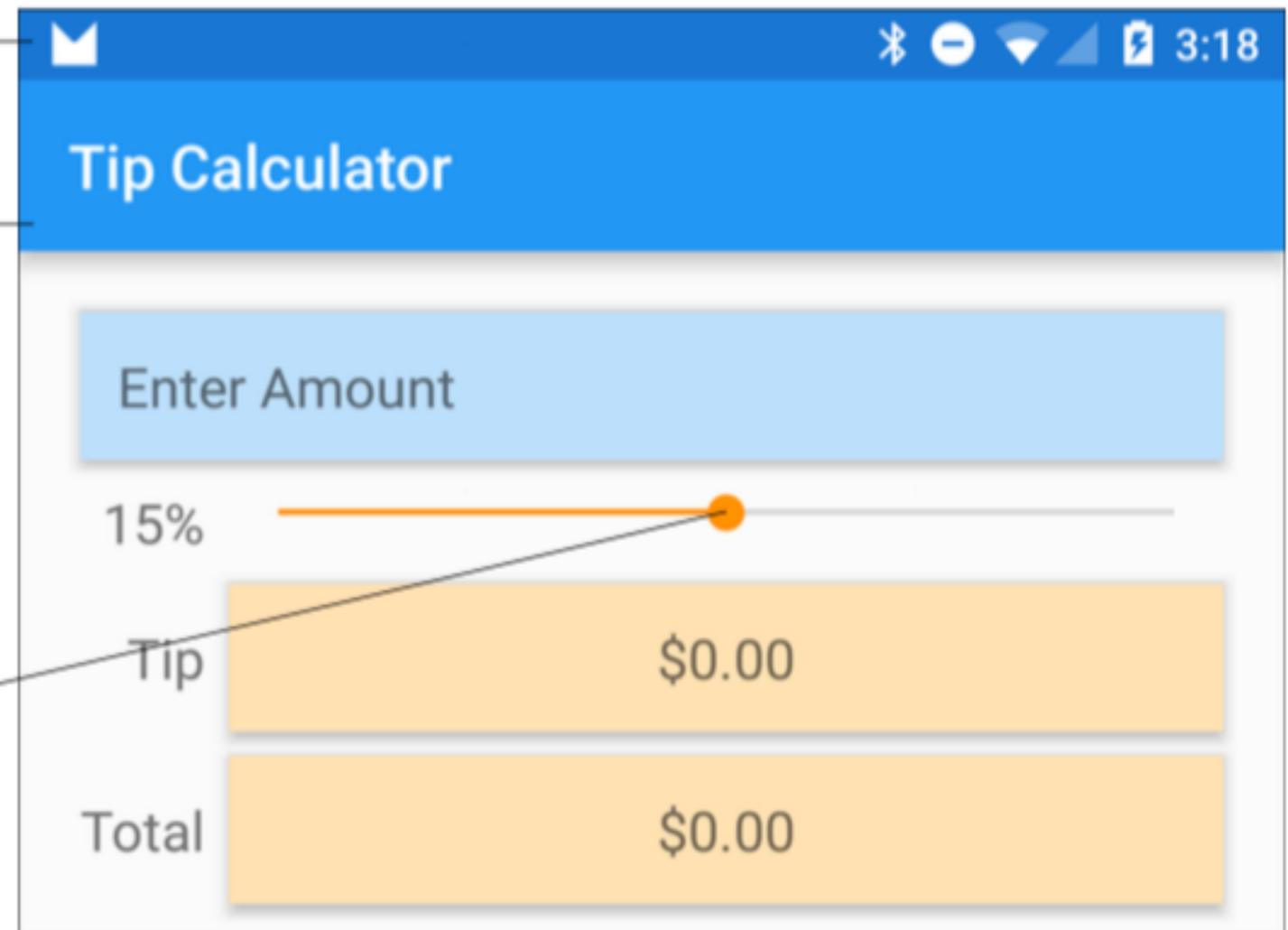
- In der style.xml - Ressourcendatei befindet sich ein Style, der vom Manifest (manifest.xml) referenziert wird.
- Hier können Attribute des Parent-Themes für die aktuelle Applikation überschrieben werden.
- AppCompatActivity stellt sicher, dass diese Themes auch für ältere Android-SDKs verwendet werden können

Themes

`android:colorPrimaryDark`
is used in the status bar

`android:colorPrimary`
is used in the app bar

`android:colorAccent`
is used to tint various controls,
including **SeekBar**s



Theme Editor

The screenshot displays the Android Studio Theme Editor interface. At the top, there's a tab labeled "Theme Editor" and a search bar. Below the search bar, the device configuration is set to "Nexus 4" with API level "23" and "Language" set to the default. The main area shows a grid of UI components: App bar (blue toolbar), Progressbar (indeterminate), Switch (grey and red), Raised button (NORMAL and DISABLED), Seekbar, TextView (Large, Medium, and Small text), Flat button (NORMAL and DISABLED), Radiobutton (grey and red), and Navigation bar (black with white icons). On the right side, the "Theme" panel is open, showing the current theme as "AppTheme - Default" and its parent as "AppCompat Light [Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar]". Below this, several theme attributes are listed with their values: colorPrimary (@color/colorPrimary), colorPrimaryDark (@color/colorPrimaryDark), colorAccent (@color/colorAccent), android:colorBackground (@android:color/background_material_light), android:colorForeground (@android:color/foreground_material_light), android:navigationBarColor (@android:color/black), and android:statusBarColor (@android:attr/colorPrimaryDark).

Theme Editor x

Nexus 4 23 Language

App bar

Progressbar (indeterminate)

Switch

Raised button

Seekbar

TextView

Flat button

Radiobutton

Navigation bar

Theme

AppTheme - Default

Theme parent

AppCompat Light [Theme.AppCompat.Light.DarkActionBar]

colorPrimary  default

@color/colorPrimary

colorPrimaryDark default

@color/colorPrimaryDark

colorAccent default

@color/colorAccent

android:colorBackground API 23

@android:color/background_material_light

android:colorForeground API 23

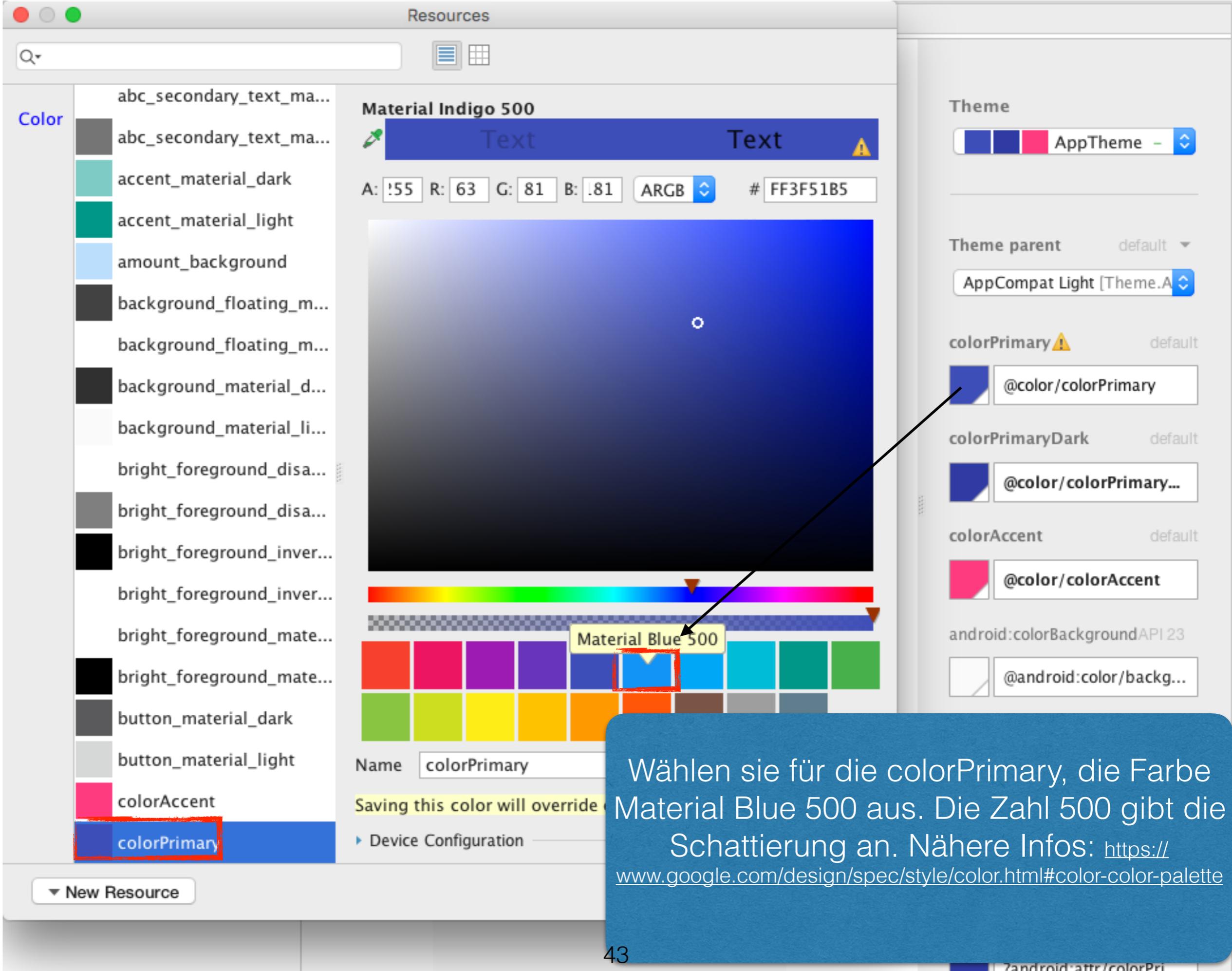
@android:color/foreground_material_light

android:navigationBarColor API 23

@android:color/black

android:statusBarColor API 23

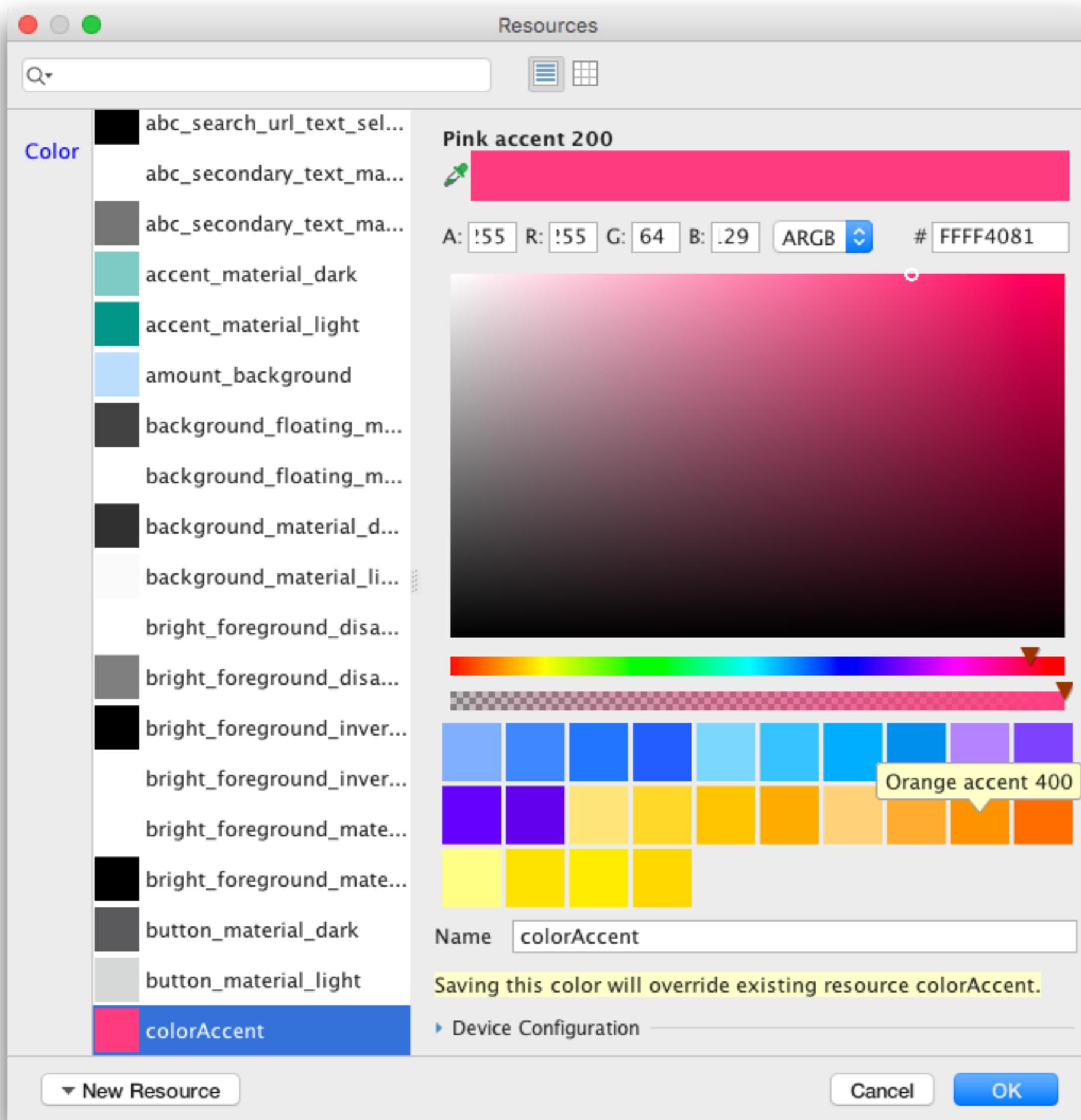
@android:attr/colorPrimaryDark



Wählen sie für die colorPrimary, die Farbe Material Blue 500 aus. Die Zahl 500 gibt die Schattierung an. Nähere Infos: <https://www.google.com/design/spec/style/color.html#color-color-palette>

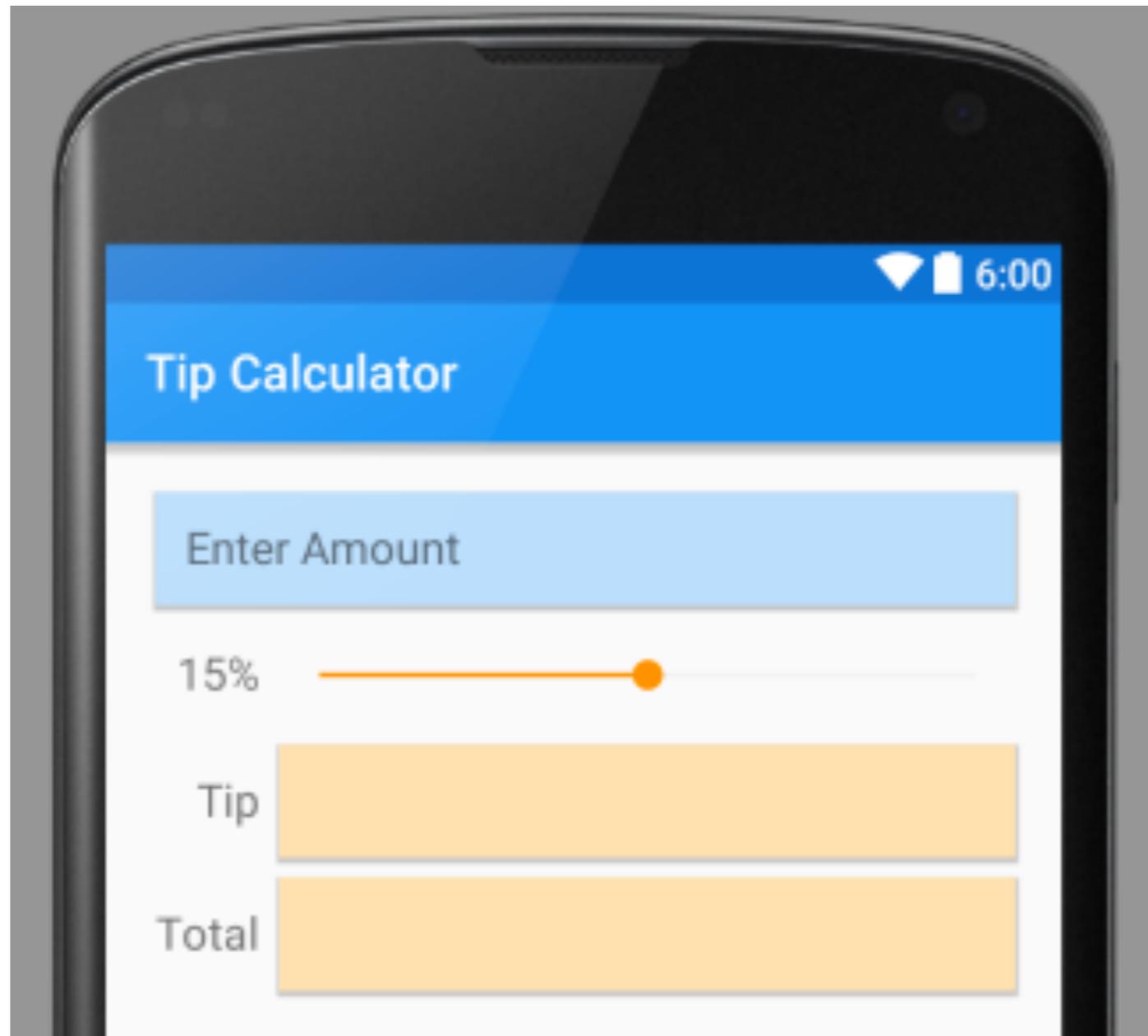
The screenshot shows the Android Studio Theme Editor. In the center, the 'Resources' window displays 'Material Indigo 700' with a hex code of #FF303F9F. Below this, a color picker interface shows a spectrum with 'Material Blue 700' highlighted as a suggestion for the 'colorPrimaryDark' property. The right sidebar shows the theme configuration for 'AppTheme', where 'colorPrimaryDark' is currently set to '@color/colorPrimaryDark'. A blue callout box contains the following text:

Android erkennt, dass bei colorPrimary die Farbe MaterialBlue 500 ausgewählt wurde und schlägt nun automatisch für colorPrimaryDark die Farbe Material Blue 700 vor. Akzeptieren Sie diesen Vorschlag.



Im Theme Editor klickt man nun auf colorAccent. Im Resources-Dialog werden nun die entsprechenden Komplementärfarben angezeigt. Wir wählen Orange Accent 400

Das Layout ist nun fertig



Applikationslogik

MainActivity.java

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {  
  
    // currency and percent formatter objects  
    private static final NumberFormat currencyFormat = NumberFormat.getCurrencyInstance();  
    private static final NumberFormat percentFormat = NumberFormat.getPercentInstance();  
  
    private double billAmount = 0.0;  
    private double percent = 0.15;  
    private TextView amountTextView;  
    private TextView percentTextView;  
    private TextView tipTextView;  
    private TextView totalTextView;
```

onCreate()

`@Override`

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);  
  
    amountTextView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.amountTextView);  
    percentTextView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.percentTextView);  
    tipTextView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.tipTextView);  
    totalTextView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.totalTextView);  
    tipTextView.setText(currencyFormat.format(0));  
    totalTextView.setText(currencyFormat.format(0));  
  
    EditText amountEditText = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.amountEditText);  
    amountEditText.addTextChangedListener(amountEditTextWatcher);  
  
    SeekBar percentSeekBar = (SeekBar) findViewById(R.id.percentSeekBar);  
    percentSeekBar.setOnSeekBarChangeListener(seekBarListener);  
}
```

SeekBarListener()

```
private final OnSeekBarChangeListener seekBarListener = new OnSeekBarChangeListener() {  
    @Override  
    public void onProgressChanged(SeekBar seekBar, int progress, boolean fromUser) {  
        percent = progress / 100.0;  
        calculate();  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void onStartTrackingTouch(SeekBar seekBar) {  
  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void onStopTrackingTouch(SeekBar seekBar) {  
  
    }  
};
```

amountEditTextWatcher()

```
private final TextWatcher amountEditTextWatcher = new TextWatcher() {
    @Override
    public void beforeTextChanged(CharSequence s, int start, int count, int after) {
    }

    @Override
    public void onTextChanged(CharSequence s, int start, int before, int count) {
        try {
            billAmount = Double.parseDouble(s.toString()) / 100;
            amountTextView.setText(currencyFormat.format(billAmount));
        } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
            amountTextView.setText("");
            billAmount = 0.0;
        }

        calculate();
    }

    @Override
    public void afterTextChanged(Editable s) {
    }
};
```

calculate()

```
private void calculate() {  
    percentTextView.setText(percentFormat.format(percent));  
  
    double tip = billAmount * percent;  
    double total = billAmount + tip;  
  
    tipTextView.setText(currencyFormat.format(tip));  
    totalTextView.setText(currencyFormat.format(total));  
}
```

Manifest.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="at.htl.tipcalculator">

    <application
        android:allowBackup="true"
        android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
        android:label="Tip Calculator"
        android:supportsRtl="true"
        android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
        <activity android:name=".MainActivity"
            android:screenOrientation="portrait"
            android:windowSoftInputMode="stateAlwaysVisible">
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />

                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
    </application>

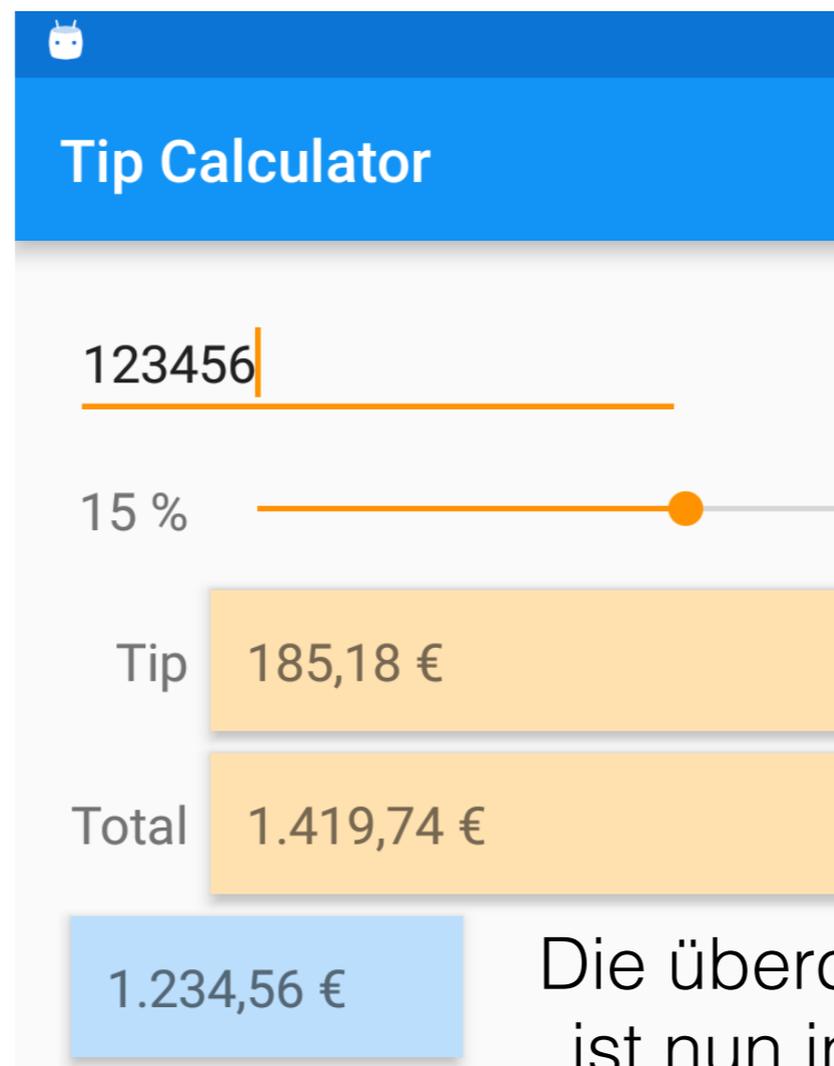
</manifest>
```

Frage

- Warum verdeckt in diesem Beispiel eine TextView den EditText?

Antwort

- Da nicht der eingegebene Betrag angezeigt wird, sondern der durch 100 dividierte Betrag, wird dieser Betrag in einer eigenen TextView angezeigt

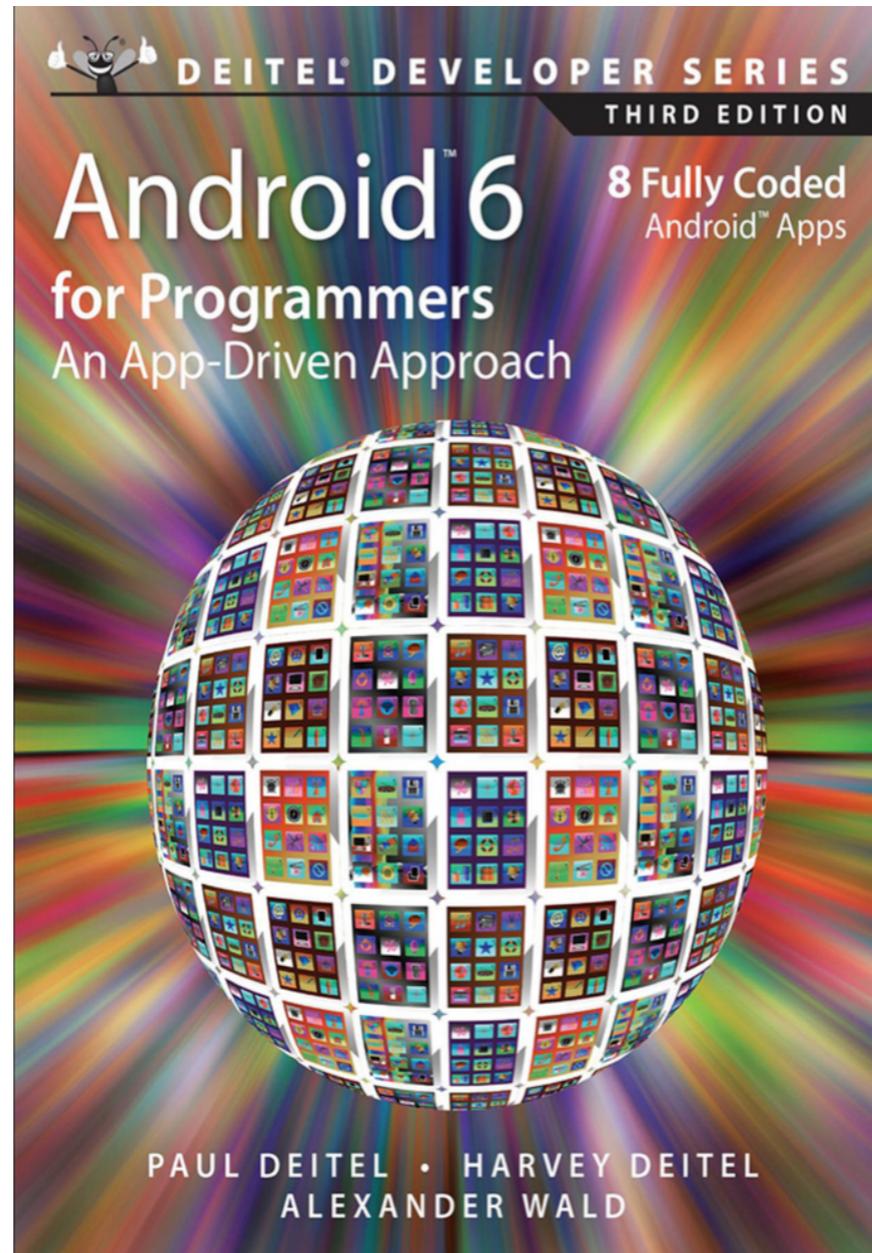


Die überdeckende TextView ist nun in der vierten Zeile



Noch
Fragen?

Quelle



<http://www.deitel.com/Books/Android/AndroidforProgrammersAnAppDrivenApproach3/tabid/3671/Default.aspx>